ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# Glen Rose Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2020

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# Glen Rose Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2020

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# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Glen Rose Independent School District Name of School District	Somervell County	<u>213-901</u> CoDist. Number				
We, the undersigned, certify that the atta	ached annual financial reports of the	above named school district				
were reviewed and (check one)a	pproveddisapproved for the y	vear ended August 31, 2020,				
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the day of						
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of	Board President				
If the board of trustees disapproved of the a (attach list as necessary)	auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapp	proving it is (are):				





# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Glen Rose Independent School District P.O. Box 2129 Glen Rose, Texas 76043

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Glen Rose Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Glen Rose Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Glen Rose Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and accompanying other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not require parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for Exhibit J-2, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and Exhibit J-2 of the other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2020 on our consideration of Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Now Movett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams December 15, 2020

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

# Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,330,211 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,407,665 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,219,888. Approximately 14% of this total amount, \$2,806,894, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,806,894, or 11% of the total general fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no business-type activities and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.
- **Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position that can be found on page 18.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-43 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 44-50 of this report.



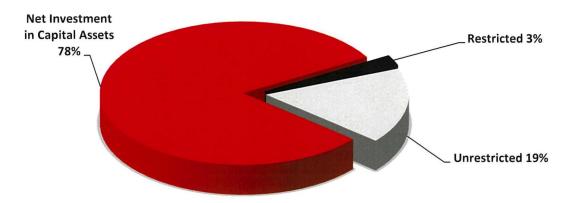
# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$28,330,211, as of August 31, 2020.

### The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Current and other assets	\$ 23,159,212	\$ 19,527,743
Capital assets	34,959,249	36,855,907
Total assets	58,118,461	56,383,650
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,102,256	3,714,825
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	233,382	2,192,918
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,335,638	5,907,743
Current liabilities	2,612,519	1,046,216
Long-term liabilities outstanding	27,668,204	31,174,677
Total liabilities	30,280,723	32,220,893
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred gain on refunding bond	74,100	-
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,232,967	554,771
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	3,636,098	2,791,245
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,943,165	3,346,016
Net position:		
Net Invesment in capital assets	22,198,760	21,519,457
Restricted	723,786	646,975
Unrestricted	5,407,665	4,558,052
Total net position	\$ 28,330,211	\$ 26,724,484

# Net Position as of 8/31/20

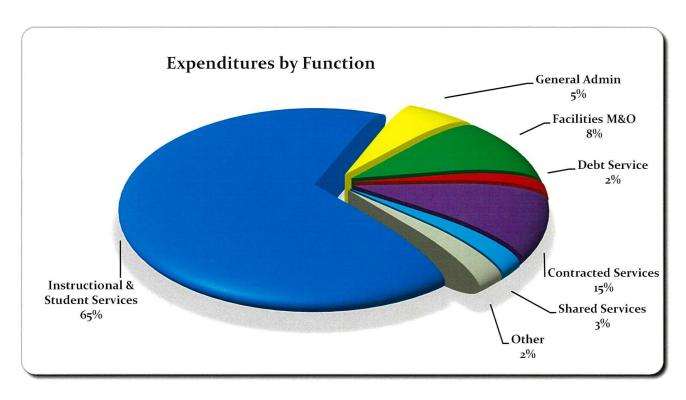


Net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress) is \$22,198,760. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is

reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional \$723,786 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is *unrestricted net position*, \$5,407,665, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This surplus is not an indication that the District has significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are less than currently available resources and due to bond proceeds for construction projects.

**Governmental activities.** The District's total net position increased \$1,605,727. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$35,486,906. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$24,168,686, or 68%. This increase is due to student growth and funding changes driven by House Bill 3 adopted in the last legislative session.

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 1,487,275	\$ 1,509,846
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,315,185	3,269,464
General revenues		
Property Taxes	24,168,686	22,729,877
State Grants	6,395,770	1,268,377
Other	725,717	1,125,834
Total Revenues	37,092,633	29,903,398
Expenses:		
Instruction	16,499,729	14,563,781
Instruction Resources & Media Services	371,971	347,440
Curriculum and Staff Development	292,082	300,686
Instructional Leadership	192,853	178,256
School Leadership	1,269,830	1,187,025
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	850,295	815,227
Health Services	328,514	258,347
Student Transportation	889,521	831,166
Food Service	1,151,382	1,148,373
Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities	1,489,344	1,572,464
General Administration	1,871,044	1,808,728
Facilities Maintenance & Operations	2,724,634	3,348,396
Security and Monitoring Services	225,184	290,023
Data Processing Services	492,358	466,670
Community Services	937	11,495
Interest on Long-Term Debt	580,586	582,208
Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	130,560	2,425
Capital Outlay	908	6,475
Contracted Instructional Services between Schools	5,212,306	3,078,218
Payments Related to Shared Service Arrangements	912,868	712,624
Total Expenses	35,486,906	31,510,027
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,605,727	(1,606,629)
Net position - beginning	26,724,484	28,331,113
Net position - ending	\$ 28,330,211	\$ 26,724,484



### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,219,888, an increase of \$2,010,563. Approximately 14% of this total amount (\$2,806,894) constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for (1) federal/state funds grant restrictions (\$6,786), (2) retirement of long-term debt (\$361,251), and (3) other fund restrictions (\$314,523); committed for (1) construction (\$11,411,151), (2) equipment (\$3,407,135), and (3) other commitments (\$1,909,319); and assigned for other purposes (\$2,829).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,806,894, out of a total fund balance of \$7,306,894. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 11% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased \$2,355,124 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this decrease are:

- The District's Revenue exceeded expenditures by \$2,909,459 due to an increase in tax collections and state program revenues
- The District transferred a \$5,250,000 to its Capital Projects Fund to fund future expansion

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments were due to allow for unexpected occurrences and to better reflect the activities of the District. Budget revisions were primarily due to:

 Changes in the needs of the District throughout the year due to unexpected occurrences or changes in program needs or goals on the campuses.

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted by \$400,940, primarily related to an increase in both state and federal program revenues; and,
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$760,967 due to reduced expenditures in instruction, student transportation, extracurricular activities, plant maintenance and operations, and payments to fiscal agent.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment purchases. The fund balance of the District's capital projects fund was \$12,068,286 as of August 31, 2020, all of which is committed for capital projects. The net increase in the capital projects fund balance for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2020, was \$4,297,224 due to the net effect of capital project expenditures and transfers in from the general fund.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020, amounts to \$34,959,249 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the year included completion of special education and elevator renovations at the elementary school, renovations to the districts intercom system, 2 Chevrolet Suburban, 2 Chevrolet Traverses, and 2 passenger bus.

## **Districts Capital Assets (net of depreciation)**

	Aug	gust 31, 2020	_Aug	gust 31, 2019
Land	\$	2,903,976	\$	2,903,976
Buildings and improvements		29,754,683		30,783,546
Furniture and equipment		2,300,590		2,206,704
Construction in progress				961,681
Total at historical cost	\$	34,959,249	\$	36,855,907

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note D on page 27 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** As of August 31, 2020, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$11,000,000, a decrease of \$4,250,000 over the prior year. The unamortized premium for bonds is \$1,686,389, an increase of \$1,599,936 from the previous year. The district issued Unlimited Tax Refunding Bond, Series 2020 (par amount \$11,105,000 and premium \$1,686,389) which defeased certain maturities of the Unlimited Tax Building Bonds, Series 2010-A and Series 2010-B. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$6,576,887, a decrease of \$434,548 from the prior year. Finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$8,404,928, a decrease of \$421,864 from the prior year.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue up to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$222,055,899, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note F on pages 28-29 of this report.

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC Business ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "AAA" to the Bonds based upon the Permanent School Fund Guarantee. S&P generally rates all bond issues guaranteed by the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas "AAA".

The District's underlying rating for the Bonds (without consideration of the Permanent School Fund guarantee or other credit enhancement) is "AAA" by S&P.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- Tax rate for Maintenance & Operations budget set at \$ 0.8747 per \$100 valuation and Interest and Sinking rate for \$ 0.1003 for a total tax rate of \$ 0.975.
- The District budgeted revenues of \$ 31,062,890 and expenditures of \$30,941,616 in the 2020-2021 budget. (Gen Operating; Debt Service; Child Nutrition)
- The District's student attendance rate is lower than in previous years; however, the district is held harmless on ADA for the first semester due to the Covid-19 pandemic.
- The District's enrollment increased by approximately 60 students in 2019-2020. Enrollment for 2020-2021 is expected to be 1960.
- All employees will receive a salary increase- Teachers = \$1,200; Manual trades, bus drivers, and paraprofessionals 3% of mid-point; all others 2.5% of mid-point
- A one-time insurance supplement of \$1,000 will be given during the month of November.
- Expected effects of the Covid-19 pandemic for FY 2020-2021: District enrollment is down 30 students from initial projections; as mentioned above, ADA is lower than normal but the District is held harmless for the first semester; TDA extended SSO feedings through June 2021 providing free meals to all students; revenue from District hosted events could be down due to social distancing protocols, capacity restrictions, and mandatory guidelines; expenditures could increase for supplies and personnel to be in accordance with all state and local guidelines.

# Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Glen Rose Independent School District's Business Office.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

_			1
Data		_	
Control			vernmental
Codes			Activities
4446	ASSETS:	•	770.044
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	779,014
1120	Current Investments		21,451,880
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		348,314
1240	Due from Other Governments		574,213
1300	Inventories		82
1410	Unrealized Expenses		5,709
4540	Capital Assets:		0.000.070
1510	Land		2,903,976
1520	Buildings and Improvements (Net)		29,754,683
1530	Furniture and Equipment (Net)		2,300,590
1000	Total Assets		58,118,461
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		3,102,256
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		2,333,382
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,435,638
1700	Total Deletted Outliows of Hesources		3,403,000
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		332,746
2140	Interest Payable		21,509
2165	Accrued Liabilities		641,979
2180	Due to Other Governments		344,551
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,271,734
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year		1,770,000
2502	Due in More Than One Year		10,916,389
2540	Net Pension Liability		6,576,887
2545	Net OPEB Liability		8,404,928
2000	Total Liabilities		30,280,723
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		74 100
	Deferred Gain on Refunding Bond Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		74,100
			1,232,967
0000	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		3,636,098
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,943,165
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		22,198,760
_	Restricted For:		
3820	State Programs		6,786
3850	Debt Service		402,477
3880	Scholarships		87,963
3890	Shared Service Arrangement		226,560
3900	Unrestricted		5,407,665
3000	Total Net Position	\$	28,330,211
		T	

Net (Expense)

# **GLEN ROSE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		1		3	4		Revenue and Changes in
				Program Re	evenues		Net Position
Data					Operating		
Control			Char	ges for	Grants and	G	Sovernmental
Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Sei	vices	Contributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$ 16,499,729	\$	759,387	\$ 2,323,060	\$	(13,417,282)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	371,971		881	59,576		(311,514)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	292,082		7,359	19,907		(264,816)
21	Instructional Leadership	192,853		150,170	28,264		(14,419)
23	School Leadership	1,269,830		2,600	107,513		(1,159,717)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	850,295		27,547	286,743		(536,005)
33	Health Services	328,514		2,895	23,942		(301,677)
34	Student Transportation	889,521			56,447		(833,074)
35	Food Service	1,151,382		315,294	636,557		(199,531)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,489,344		145,928	75,289		(1,268,127)
41	General Administration	1,871,044		15,431	136,024		(1,719,589)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,724,634		13,747	202,972		(2,507,915)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	225,184		1,019	25,401		(198,764)
53	Data Processing Services	492,358		1,025	34,073		(457,260)
61	Community Services	937					(937)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	580,586			76,738		(503,848)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	130,560					(130,560)
81	Capital Outlay	908		725	14,338		14,155
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools	5,212,306					(5,212,306)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	912,868		43,267	208,341		(661,260)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	35,486,906	1,	487,275	4,315,185		(29,684,446)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$ 35,486,906	\$1,	487,275	\$ 4,315,185	_	(29,684,446)
	Gana	ral Revenues:					
MT		perty Taxes, Levied for Ge	noral Purn	2000			20,936,619
DT		perty Taxes, Levied for De		7505			3,232,067
IE		stment Earnings	DI Gervice				338,643
GC		nts and Contributions Not	Postriotod i	ta Spanifia Bras	romo		6,395,770
MI		cellaneous	nesincieu i	o specific rrog	II allis		387,074
TR		tal General Revenues					31,290,173
CN		nange in Net Position				_	1,605,727
NB		osition - Beginning					26,724,484
NE		osition - Ending				ф <sup>—</sup>	28,330,211
INL	Net I	oamon - Litaing				Φ	20,000,211

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

_			10		60				_98
Data			0		Capital		Other	,	Total
Contro			General Fund		Projects Fund		Governmental Funds	(	Governmental Funds
Codes	ASSETS:	_	runu		Fullu	-	ruilus	_	Fullus
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	601,360	\$		\$	177,654	\$	779,014
1120	Current Investments	Ψ	14,235,227	Ψ	6,843,171	Ψ	373,482	Ψ	21,451,880
1225	Taxes Receivable		489,725				59,360		549,085
	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(182,637)				(18,134)		(200,771)
1240	Due from Other Governments		19,414				554,799		574,213
1260	Due from Other Funds		429,863		5,291,079		532,347		6,253,289
1300	Inventories						82		82
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		5,709						5,709
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	15,598,661	\$_	12,134,250	\$	1,679,590	\$_	29,412,501
		<b>'</b> =	,	+==		*=	.,,,,	*=	
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	214,080	\$		\$	118,666	\$	332,746
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		565,449				76,530		641,979
2170	Due to Other Funds		5,823,424		65,964		363,901		6,253,289
2180	Due to Other Governments		165,278				179,273		344,551
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,216,448				55,286		1,271,734
2000	Total Liabilities		7,984,679		65,964	_	793,656		8,844,299
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Property Taxes		307,088				41,226		348,314
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	307,088	_		-	41,226	_	348,314
2000	Total Deletied Illiows of Flooduloco		001,000			-	11,220	_	010,014
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	State Funds Grant Restrictions						6,786		6,786
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		w-				361,251		361,251
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance						314,523		314,523
	Committed Fund Balances:								
3510	Construction		1,500,000		9,911,151				11,411,151
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		1,250,000		2,157,135				3,407,135
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		1,750,000				159,319		1,909,319
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance						2,829		2,829
3600	Unassigned		2,806,894			_			2,806,894
3000	Total Fund Balances		7,306,894		12,068,286	_	844,708		20,219,888
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	15,598,661	\$_	12,134,250	\$_	1,679,590	\$_	29,412,501
				_		-		_	

28,330,211

# **GLEN ROSE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 20,219,888
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:	
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	348,314
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.  Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	34,959,249 3,102,256
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	2,333,382
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(6,576,887)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(8,404,928)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(1,232,967)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(3,636,098)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(11,000,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(21,509)
Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,686,389)
Deferred gain on refunding bonds is not reported in the funds.	(74,100)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			10		60				98
Data			_		Capital		Other		Total
Contro			General		Projects	G	iovernmental	(	Governmental
Codes		_	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES:			_					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	21,379,864	\$	158,848	\$	4,790,667	\$	26,329,379
5800	State Program Revenues		7,323,977				396,799		7,720,776
5900	Federal Program Revenues		56,878				2,012,360	_	2,069,238
5020	Total Revenues	_	28,760,719		158,848		7,199,826	_	36,119,393
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		10,925,247		799,376		1,891,809		13,616,432
0011	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		272,805		799,370		33,306		306,111
0012	Curriculum and Staff Development		240,103				7,095		247,198
0013	Instructional Leadership		240,103				7,093 157,500		157,500
0021	School Leadership		1,021,760				137,300		1,021,939
0023	·				<del></del>				
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services Health Services		437,522 271,005		<del></del>		255,443		692,965
0033			· ·				2,320		273,325 1,040,562
	Student Transportation		1,040,562 				000 406		
0035	Food Service						999,426		999,426
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,027,210		26,362		205,840		1,259,412
0041	General Administration		1,545,432				12,203		1,557,635
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,267,637		285,886		61,535		2,615,058
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		183,479				18,078		201,557
0053	Data Processing Services		413,061						413,061
0061	Community Services		757						757
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt						2,915,000		2,915,000
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt						373,286		373,286
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees						130,560		130,560
0081	Capital Outlay		291,307						291,307
0091	Contracted Instructional Services		5 040 000						F 040 000
0091	Between Public Schools		5,212,306						5,212,306
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	_	701,067	_		_	211,801	_	912,868
6030	Total Expenditures	-	25,851,260	_	1,111,624	-	7,275,381		34,238,265
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		2,909,459		(952,776)		(75,555)		1,881,128
1100	Experiolitares		2,000,400	_	(332,770)	_	(75,555)		1,001,120
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7911	Debt Issued - Refunding Bonds						11,105,000		11,105,000
7915	Transfers In				5,250,000		14,583		5,264,583
7916	Premium on Issuance of Bonds						1,686,389		1,686,389
8911	Transfers Out		(5,264,583)						(5,264,583)
8949	Other Uses - Payment to Refunded Bond		(0,=0 1,000)				(12,661,954)		(12,661,954)
00.0	Escrow Agent						(,,,		(.=,00.,00.,
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	(5,264,583)	_	5,250,000		144,018		129,435
1200			(2,355,124)		4,297,224		68,463	_	2,010,563
0400	E ad Delawasa - Destanting		0.000.010		7 774 000		770.045		40.000.005
	Fund Balances - Beginning	φ_	9,662,018	<u>"</u> —	7,771,062	φ	776,245	φ_	18,209,325
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	Φ=	7,306,894	\$_	12,068,286	$^{\Phi}$	844,708	\$_	20,219,888

1,605,727

# **GLEN ROSE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

\$ Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 2,010,563 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because: Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. 52,299 Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. 970,669 The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. (2,867,327)GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position. 467,044 Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction to NPL. (442,785)The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased net position. (880,476)GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position. 131,473 OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability. (125,780)The proportionate share of the TRS-Care expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased net position. (288,218)Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA but are reported as other financing sources in the funds. (11,105,000)Bond premiums on issuance are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. (1.686.389)Payment to escrow agent for refunding bonds is reported in the funds but not in the SOA 12,661,954 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 2,915,000 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. 2,304 Interest paid in defeasance of bonds payable is reported in the SOA but not in the funds. (221,954)Premiums on bonds are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds. 12,350

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	Agency Fund
Data		
Control		Student
Codes		Activity
ASSETS:	<del></del>	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	146,061
1000 Total Assets	\$	146,061
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
2190 Due to Student Groups	\$	146,061
2000 Total Liabilities	<del></del>	146,061
NET POSITION:		
3000 Total Net Position	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2020

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Glen Rose Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

### Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

# 3. Financial Statement Amounts

### a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

# c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings & Improvements	5-45
Equipment	3-20

#### d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

### f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the Superintendent the authority to assign amounts to be expended for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

At a minimum, the District shall maintain committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances in the general operating fund equal to or exceeding 20 percent of the total annual operating expenditures. If the committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances fall below 20 percent of the total annual operating expenditures, the administration shall immediately prepare a plan for Board approval to restore the unassigned fund balance to the 20 percent level. The District was in compliance with this policy at August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

### k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

### B. Compliance and Accountability

1. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation

Debt Service Fund total actual expenditures exceeded final budget amounts due to bond issuance costs. See Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 2020-001.

Action Taken

See Corrective Action Plan

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 2020-001.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

## C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$22,342,352 and the bank balance was \$22,604,199. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

### 2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2020 consisted of certificates of deposit, money market savings accounts, money market funds, and investment pools. Certificates of deposit and money market savings accounts are entirely covered by FDIC and pledged collateral by the bank and are included in the cash balances in Note C-1.

The District's investments at August 31, 2020 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	E	air Value
TexPool - LGIP	Wtd Avg Maturity = 27 Days	\$	7,166
Interbank			
ICS Accounts	N/A		11,049,680
Certificates of Deposits	>2 years		10,000,000
NexBank			
ICS Money Market Savings Account	N/A		367,597
Edward Jones - Money Market	Wtd Avg Maturity = 35 Days		27,437
Total Investments		\$	21,451,880

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# 3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2020, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

TexPool - LGIP AAAm Edward Jones - Money Market AAAm

### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

# d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

# e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### **Investment Accounting Policy**

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

### Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

### TexPool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under a contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows criteria established by GASB 79. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	2,903,976 \$	\$	\$	2,903,976
Construction in progress	961,68 <b>1</b>		961,681	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,865,657		961,681	2,903,976
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	79,345,450	1,334,495		80,679,945
Equipment	9,412,883	597,855		10,010,738
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,758,333	1,932,350		90,690,683
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(48,561,904)	(2,363,358)		(50,925,262)
Equipment	(7,206,179)	(503,969)		(7,710,148)
Total accumulated depreciation	(55,768,083)	(2,867,327)		(58,635,410)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,990,250	(934,977)		32,055,273
Governmental activities capital assets, net	36,855,907 \$	(934,977) \$	961,681 \$	34,959,249

# Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,602,898
Instructional Resources and Media Services	35,885
Curriculum and Staff Development	28,977
Instructional Leadership	18,463
School Leadership	119,795
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	81,232
Health Services	32,040
Student Transportation	121,976
Food Services	117,156
Extracurricular Activities	147,632
General Administration	182,591
Plant Maintenance and Operations	306,546
Security and Monitoring Services	23,627
Data Processing Services	48,420
Community Services	89
	\$ 2,867,327

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### E. Interfund Balances and Activities

### Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Funds	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 65,964	Short Term Loan
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	5,291,079	Short Term Loan
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	11,863	Short Term Loan
General Funds	Special Revenue Funds	393,901	For transfer of federal, state and local receipts
Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	520,482	For transfer of federal, state and local receipts
	Total	\$ 6,283,289	·

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$ 14,583	To supplement Food Service Fund
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund Total	\$ 5,250,000 5,264,583	Future Capital Projects

# F. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

# 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 15,250,000 \$	11,105,000 \$	15,355,000 \$	11,000,000 \$	1,770,000
Premium on Bonds	86,450	1,686,389	86,450	1,686,389	
Net Pension Liability*	7,011,435	8,286	442,834	6,576,887	
Net OPEB Liability*	8,826,792		421,864	8,404,928	
Total Governmental activities	\$ 31,174,677 \$	12,799,675 \$	16,306,148 \$	27,668,204 \$	1,770,000

<sup>\*</sup> Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability*	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability*	Governmental	General Fund

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2020, are as follows:

		Gove	S				
		Bor	Bonds				
Year Ending August 31.		Principal	Interest		Total		
2021	\$	1,770,000	494,700	\$	2,264,700		
2022		1,845,000	423,900		2,268,900		
2023		1,915,000	350,100		2,265,100		
2024		1,985,000	273,500		2,258,500		
2025		2,090,000	174,250		2,264,250		
2026-2030		1,395,000	69,750		1,464,750		
Totals	\$_	11,000,000	1,786,200	\$	12,786,200		

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 ranges from 4% to 5% and matures on August 15, 2026.

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2020.

### 3. Current Refunding of Debt

As a result of the current refunding of principal maturities for the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2010-A and the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Taxable Series 2010-B Bonds from the issuance of the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, the District decreased its total debt service requirements by \$926,030 which resulted in a net economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$902,425.

# G. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ending August 31.	
2021	\$ 40,332
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 40,332
Rental Expenditures in 2020	\$ 45,346

### H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District carried insurance through various plans described below. There were no significant reductions in any coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

# Property Casualty Program

During the year ended August 31, 2020, Glen Rose ISD met its statutory property casualty obligations through participation in the Property Casualty Alliance of Texas (the Fund). The Fund was created pursuant to the provisions of the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Title 7 of the Texas Government Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Inter-local Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides property and casualty coverage and services to its members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through reinsurance contracts for claims in excess of the Fund's self-insured retentions. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to help determine the reserve adequacy. As of August 31, 2020, the Fund carries a total of \$11,036,042 in current loss reserves, including \$3,516,443 for claims incurred but not yet reported. Losses and reserves are based on estimates, and could be more or less than originally estimated.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year. The Fund's audited financial statements are available for inspection at the Fund's administrative offices.

### Workers' Compensation

The District participated in the Texas Education Insurance Association public entity risk pool, a fully-funded guaranteed cost workers' compensation program serving colleges and school districts throughout Texas. The plan for workers' compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement.

# **Unemployment Compensation**

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that Glen Rose ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

### I. Pension Plan

# 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a seprately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information That report may be obtained online at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting about TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

### **Contribution Rates**

	2019	2020
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.5%
District's 2020 Employer Contributions \$	467,044	
District's 2020 Member Contributions \$	1,069,253	
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State) \$	602,909	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- --- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit Changes during the year None Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full descriptions of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Accest Class	FY 2019 Target	New Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation *	Allocation **	Return ***
Global Equity	10.00/	10.00/	0.40/
USA New H.C. Pavalanad	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries ****	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds ****	3.0%	-	-
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8%/6.5%*****
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	-6.0%	2.7%
Expected Return	100.0%	100.0%	7.23%

<sup>\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

# 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$ 10,109,630	\$ 6,576,887	\$ 3,714,682

<sup>\*\*</sup> New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

<sup>\*\*\* 10-</sup>Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

<sup>\*\*\*\*\* 5.8% (6.5%)</sup> return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$6,576,887 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$ 6,576,887

State's proportionate share that is associated with District 8,954,672

Total \$ 15,531,559

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0126520%. which was a decrease of 0.0000862% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

### Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

- --- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- --- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,406,653 and revenue of \$1,406,653 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	27,629 \$	228,360
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,040,473	843,220
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		66,039	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		501,071	161,387
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	467,044	
Total	\$_	3,102,256 \$_	1,232,967

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension			
Year Ended	Expense			
August 31	Amount			
2021	- \$_	353,739		
2022	\$	277,376		
2023	\$ 352,054			
2024	\$	349,403		
2025	\$	132,106		
Thereafter	\$ (62,433)			

### J. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

# 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates					
Medicare Non-Medicare					
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse					
and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family		1,020		999	

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates	-	
	2019	2020
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

District's 2020 Employer Contributions	\$ 131,473
District's 2020 Member Contributions	\$ 90,262
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	\$ 167,598

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	2.63%
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5% to 10.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65. *
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

<sup>\* 25%</sup> of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 10,147,447	\$ 8,404,928	\$ 7,041,756

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$8,404,928 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 8,404,928
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	11,168,271
Total	\$ 19,573,199

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0177727%, which was an increase of 0.0000947% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1	% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	H	ealthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
		Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	6,856,446	\$ 8,404,928	\$ 10,479,185

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- --- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the TOL.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long-term trend rate assumptions.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$294,350 and revenue of \$294,350 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 412,333 \$	1,375,378
Changes in actuarial assumptions	466,828	2,260,720
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	907	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contribution	1,321,841	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 131,473	<u></u>
Total	\$ 2,333,382 \$	3,636,098

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	OPEB Expense	Amount
2021	\$	(276,871)
2022	\$	(276,871)
2023	\$	(277,165)
2024	\$	(277,333)
2025	\$	(277,287)
Thereafter	\$	(48,662)

### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$57,471.

### K. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$406 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Company are available for their year end and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### L. Commitments and Contingencies

#### 1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

### 2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2020.

### M. Shared Services Arrangements

#### Shared Services Arrangement - Fiscal Agent

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides special education services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in a special revenue fund and will be accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts	E	xpenditures
Glen Rose ISD	\$	733,005
Tolar ISD		231,080
Bluff Dale ISD		39,938
Three Way ISD		7,485
Total	\$	1,011,508

### Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for audiology services with the following school districts:

#### Member Districts

Central Texas SSA Granbury ISD
Greater Erath County SSA Springtown ISD
Hood-Somervell County Co-Op
Palo Pinto Co-Op
Parker County Co-Op

Granbury ISD
Stephenville ISD
Weatherford ISD

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Peaster ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### N. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Governmental funds unearned revenue at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Special		
	General	Revenue		
	Fund	Fund		Total
State Funding Overpayment \$	1,216,448 \$		\$_	1,216,448
State Grants		55,286		55,286
\$	1,216,448 \$	55,286	[\$_	1,271,734

### O. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through December 15, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and the following subsequent events were noted:

#### COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, Governor Abbott declared a state wide disaster proclamation in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. In March, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K-12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019-20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

The District reopened for the 2020-2021 school year. The full extent of the financial impact on the school district is unknown at this time.

### P. Other Committed Fund Balance

	Fund		
	General Fund	\$ 1,750,000	Reserve for Instructional Improvement
	Special Revenue Fund	159,319	Campus Activity Fund
		\$ 1,909,319	
Q.	Other Restricted Fund Balance		
	Fund		
	Scholarship Fund	\$ 87,963	Reserve for Scholarships
	Shared Service Arrangement	226,560	Shared Service Arrangement
		\$ 314,523	

Required Supplementary Information
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1			2	3			Variance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d Aı	mounts				Positive
Codes			Original	<u> </u>	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:			-		-		_	(110 9 10 /
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	20,332,620	\$	21,435,015	\$	21,379,864	\$	(55,151)
5800	State Program Revenues		6,368,646		6,924,764		7,323,977		399,213
5900	Federal Program Revenues			_			56,878		56,878
5020	Total Revenues		26,701,266		28,359,779	_	28,760,719	_	400,940
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current: Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction & Instructional helated Services.		11,136,394		11,279,666		10,925,247		354,419
0011	Instructional Resources and Media Services		299,839		299,839		272,805		27,034
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		280,850		275,169		240,103		35,066
00.0	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	11,717,083	-	11,854,674	-	11,438,155	-	416,519
		_		-				_	
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership		1,000,508	_	1,021,958		1,021,760	_	198
	Total Instructional & School Leadership		1,000,508	_	1,021,958	_	1,021,760	_	198
0004	Support Services - Student (Pupil):		404 004		440.000		407.500		40.440
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		431,601		449,962		437,522		12,440
0033 0034	Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation		218,070 1,012,675		281,077 1,092,675		271,005 1,040,562		10,072
0034	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,220,817		1,092,675		1,040,362		52,113 61,411
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		2,883,163	-	2,912,335	-	2,776,299	-	136,036
	Total Support Solvices Student (Fupil)	_	2,000,100		2,312,000	-	2,110,233	-	100,000
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		1,454,283		1,598,895		1,545,432		53,463
	Total Administrative Support Services		1,454,283	_	1,598,895	-	1,545,432	_	53,463
						_		_	
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		2,345,260		2,326,260		2,267,637		58,623
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		200,900		200,900		183,479		17,421
0053	Data Processing Services	_	363,425	_	432,625	_	413,061	_	19,564
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	2,909,585	-	2,959,785	-	2,864,177	-	95,608
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services		11,830		11,830		<b>7</b> 57		11,073
	Total Ancillary Services		11,830	-	11,830	-	757	-	11,073
	,	_		-		-		-	
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay		500,000		306,300		291,307	_	14,993
	Total Capital Outlay	_	500,000	_	306,300	_	291,307		14,993
0004	Intergovernmental Charges:		5 000 00F		E 04 4 000		E 040 000		4 00 4
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	3	5,292,325		5,214,000		5,212,306		1,694
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	712,450 6,004,775	_	732,450	-	701,067 5,913,373	-	31,383
	rotal intergovernmental Charges	-	6,004,775	-	5,946,450	-	5,913,373	-	33,077
6030	Total Expenditures	-	26,481,227	-	26,612,227	-	25,851,260	-	760,967
0000	Total Expolicituios	_	20,-101,221	-	-0,0 : 2,227	-	20,001,200	-	700,307
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		220,039		1,747,552		2,909,459		1,161,907
		_		-		-		-	<del></del>

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
8911	Transfers Out			(5,264,583)	(5,264,583)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			(5,264,583)	(5,264,583)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	220,039	1,747,552	(2,355,124)	(4,102,676)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	9,662,018	9,662,018	9,662,018	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,882,057	\$ 11,409,570	\$ 7,306,894	\$ (4,102,676)

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

		Measurement Year													
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011		2010	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.013%	0.013%	0.012%	0.012%	0.013%	0.009%								
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,576,887 \$	7,011,435 \$	3,801,315 \$	4,729,598 \$	7,637,887 \$	2,433,968 \$		\$		\$		\$		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		8,954,672	9,634,145	5,982,425	7,548,734	4,732,320	6,485,509								
Total	\$_	15,531,559 \$	16,645,580 \$	9,783,740 \$	12,278,332 \$	12,370,207	8,919,477 \$		= \$ <u></u>		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	13,165,277 \$	12,699,844 \$	12,695,465 \$	13,000,249 \$	12,814,811 \$	12,329,310 \$		\$		\$		\$		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		49.96%	55.21%	29.94%	36.38%	59.60%	19.74%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ıge	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%								

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

			Fiscal Year													
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013		2012		2011		
Contractually required contribution	\$	467,044 \$	442,785 \$	421,941 \$	385,025 \$	397,664 \$	388,500 \$		\$		\$		\$			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(467,044)	(442,785)	(421,941)	(385,025)	(397,664)	(388,500)									
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u> \$	<u></u> \$_	\$	<u></u> \$_	\$_	<u></u> \$		\$		\$	••	\$			
District's covered payroll	\$	13,886,400 \$	13,165,277 \$	12,699,844 \$	12,695,465 \$	13,000,249 \$	12,814,811 \$		\$		\$		\$			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.36%	3.36%	3.32%	3.03%	3.06%	3.03%									

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

		Measurement Year														
	-	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	 2010
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.018%	0.018%	0.015%												
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	8,404,928 \$	8,826,792 \$	6,537,728 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		11,168,271	10,817,420	9,956,575												
Total	\$_	19,573,199 \$	19,644,212 \$	16,494,303 \$		\$		\$		\$		_ = =		\$		\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	13,165,277 \$	12,699,844 \$	12,965,465 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		63.84%	69.50%	51.50%												
Plan fiduciary net position as a percen of the total OPEB liability	tage	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	<b></b>											

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

								Fiscal Year										
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$	131,473 \$	125,780 \$	121,953 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution		(131,473)	(125,780)	(121,953)														
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u> \$	<u></u> \$	<u></u> \$_		_ \$_		\$ \$		_ \$		\$		_ \$_		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	13,886,400 \$	13,165,277 \$	12,699,844 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.95%	0.96%	0.96%														

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### **Budget**

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Fund, and Debt Service Funds). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

### Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

#### Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Any change of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

# Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	1		2		3	
Year Ended August 31	 Ta Maintenance	ax Rat	es Debt Service	Assessed/Appra Value For Sch Tax Purpose		
2011 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various	
2012	.825		.069		3,390,614,659	
2013	.825		.069		3,340,992,170	
2014	.825		.069		2,950,148,881	
2015	.825		.069		2,671,133,445	
2016	.842		.092		3,086,481,049	
2017	.860		.114		2,260,237,358	
2018	.880		.114		2,310,025,799	
2019	.900		.103		2,262,781,404	
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	.900		.139		2,220,558,999	

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy is the ending levy due provided by Somervell County Appraisal District.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current year tax rate. This amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/19	_	20 Current Year's Total Levy		31 Maintenance Collections		32 Debt Service Collections	_	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	_	50 Ending Balance 8/31/20
\$	90,582	\$		\$	919	\$	39	\$	2	\$	89,626
	11,637				647		54				10,936
	16,924				2,818		236				13,870
	22,095				2,337		195				19,563
	28,161				3,890		325		(259)		23,687
	37,802				4,747		519		(966)		31,570
	43,681				5,569		738		(3,892)		33,482
	90,823				10,640		1,378		(8,859)		69,946
	135,544				40,126		4,414		(21,419)		69,585
			23,071,608		19,823,204		3,061,584				186,820
\$_	477,249	\$_	23,071,608	\$_	19,894,897	\$_	3,069,482	\$_	(35,393)	\$_	549,085
\$	***	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		
Control Codes	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2020 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	4,500,000
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	2,154,272
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	4,308,543
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	10,962,815
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$ <u>(3,655,921)</u>

### **EXHIBIT J-3**

# **GLEN ROSE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Control							Positive
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						, ,
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	432,050	\$	323,977	\$	(108,073)
5800	State Program Revenues	•	13,150	·	22,296	•	9,146
5900	Federal Program Revenues		475,250		582,448		107,198
5020	Total Revenues		920,450		928,721	_	8,271
							-,
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):						
0035	Food Services		1,063,900		994,966		68,934
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		1,063,900		994,966		68,934
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,000,000			_	
6030	Total Expenditures		1,063,900		994,966		68,934
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		55 1,555		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		(143,450)		(66,245)		77,205
			(1.0,.00)	-	(33,2.3)		77,200
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In				14,583		14,583
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				14,583	_	14,583
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(143,450)		(51,662)		91,788
. = 00			(, .0, .00)		(0.,002)		0.,.00
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		51,662		51,662		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(91,788)	\$		\$	91,788
		· · ·	\- · · · · · 1	· —		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

# **EXHIBIT J-4**

# **GLEN ROSE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Control							Positive
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,275,116	\$	3,239,898	\$	(35,218)
5800	State Program Revenues				21,877		21,877
5900	Federal Program Revenues		54,861	_	54,861		
5020	Total Revenues		3,329,977		3,316,636	_	(13,341)
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		2,915,000		2,915,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		429,189		373,286		55,903
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		2,000		130,560		(128,560)
	Total Debt Service		3,346,189		3,418,846		(72,657)
6030	Total Expenditures	_	3,346,189	_	3,418,846		(72,657)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		(16,212)	_	(102,210)	_	(85,998)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7911	Debt Issued - Refunding Bonds				11,105,000		11,105,000
7916	Premium on Issuance of Bonds				1,686,389		1,686,389
8949	Other Uses - Payment to Refunded Bond				(12,661,954)		(12,661,954)
7000	Escrow Agent			_	400 405		100 105
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(10.010)	_	129,435		129,435
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(16,212)		27,225		43,437
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		334,026		334,026		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	317,814	\$_	361,251	\$_	43,437



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Glen Rose Independent School District P.O. Box 2129 Glen Rose, Texas 76043

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Glen Rose Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Glen Rose Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2020.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Glen Rose Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2020-001.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Glen Rose Independent School District in a separate letter dated December 15, 2020.

### Glen Rose Independent School District's Response to Findings

Glen Rose Independent School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Glen Rose Independent School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Snow Garrett Williams December 15, 2020

Snow Saveth Williams



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Glen Rose Independent School District P.O. Box 2129 Glen Rose, Texas 76043

Members of the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Glen Rose Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Glen Rose Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Glen Rose Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Glen Rose Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Glen Rose Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Glen Rose Independent School District's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Glen Rose Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Glen Rose Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Glen Rose Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Snow Garrett Williams December 15, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements				
	Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified		
	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	One or more material weaknesses i	dentified?	Yes	X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material we		Yes	X	None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	No
2.	Federal Awards				
	Internal control over major programs:				
	One or more material weaknesses i	dentified?	Yes	_X	No
	One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material we		Yes	X	None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on complimajor programs:	iance for	Unmodified		
	Version of compliance supplement used	in audit:	August 2020	)	
	Any audit findings disclosed that are requested in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?		Yes	X	No
	Identification of major programs:				
	<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 84.027/84.173	Name of Federal Pospecial Education (		ster	
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	een	<u>\$750,000</u>		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_ Yes		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# B. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2020-001 Debt Service Fund Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations - Instance of Noncompliance

Criteria: In accordance with Education Code Sec 44.006, public funds of a school district may not be spent in any manner other than as provided for in the budget adopted by the district's board of trustees. Any amendment or supplementary budget must be prepared and filed according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

Condition: Debt Service Fund total actual expenditures exceeded total appropriations for the year ended

August 31, 2020.

Cause: In the Debt Service Fund, the District issued refunding bonds during fiscal year 2020. The Board

properly approved the issuance of the refunding bonds but did not properly approve a budget

amendment to account for the bond issuance costs.

Effect: Due to the excess of total actual expenditures compared to total appropriations in the Debt

Service Fund the District was out of compliance with Education Code Sec 44.006.

Auditor's Recommendation:

The District should closely review approved budgets adopted by the Board of Trustees and propose amendments for unexpected resource needs during the year to prevent overspending.

Views of Responsible Officials: See corrective action plan

### C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented
N. a. Charalter and the Alexander and a second		

# **GLEN ROSE**

# Independent School District

1102 Stadium Drive•P.O. Box 2129•Glen Rose, TX 76043 www.grisd.net



**G. Wayne Rotan**Superintendent
(254) 898-3905
(254) 897-3651 FAX

Susan Wright Asst. Superintendent of Curriculum, Instruction & Federal Programs (254) 898-3902 (254) 897-3651 FAX

**Kayla O'Quinn** *Director of Finance*(254) 898-3910
(254) 898-3751 FAX

Tommy Corcoran Asst. Superintendent of Administration & Support Services (254) 898-3913 (254) 897-2055 FAX

### **Corrective Action Plan**

For Year Ended August 31, 2020

 ${\tt 2020-001-Debt\ Service\ Fund\ Expenditures\ in\ Excess\ of\ Appropriations-Instance\ of\ Noncompliance}$ 

Responsible Parties: Kayla O'Quinn, Director of Finance

Corrective Action Plan: Glen Rose ISD will review any future debt refunding issuances to ensure the appropriate entry is recorded prior to the end of the fiscal year, and the related budget amendments are made to reflect the entry.

Planned Completion Date: 12/31/2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program (COVID-19) School Breakfast Program - Summer Seamless Option (COVID-19) Total CFDA Number 10.553 National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program (COVID-19) National School Lunch Program - Summer Seamless Option (COVID-19) Total CFDA Number 10.555 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Total Passed Thorugh Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555	71402001 71402001 52402001 71302001 71302001 52302001		\$ 97,820 41,467 10,464 149,751 284,651 74,053 20,664 379,368 529,119 53,329 53,329 582,448 582,448
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education  Passed Through State Department of Education:  SSA IDEA-B Discretionary  SSA IDEA-B Formula  Total CFDA Number 84.027  SSA IDEA-B Preschool  Total Passed Through State Department of Education  Total U. S. Department of Education  Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.173	206600122139016677 206600012139016600 206610012139016610	\$ 168,201 168,201 168,201 168,201 168,201	168,201 613,941 782,142 11,691 793,833 793,833 793,833
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education  Passed Through State Department of Education:  ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant  Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition and Language  Enhancement  ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting  Elementary and Seconday School Emergency Relief  Fund - (ESSER COVID-19)  Summer School LEP  Titile IV, Part A, Subpart 1  Total Passed Through State Department of Education	84.010 84.048 84.365 84.367 84.425 84.369 84.424	20610101213901 20420006213901 20671001213901 20694501213901 20521001213901 , 69551902 20680101213901		223,630 16,215 16,805 41,023 177,032 2,671 16,428 493,804
Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$168,201 \$	493,804 1,870,085

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Glen Rose Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Glen Rose Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		5	
Codes	_	R	esponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	